

1 First Survey of Port Fairy and
Macquarie Harbour by James Kelly
on the 12th December 1815 -

James Kelly sailed from Hobart Town
in a small sized open five oar'd
Whale Boat to examine the then
Unknown West Coast of Van Diemen
accompanied by the following named
four men as the crew

John Griffiths a Native of the Colony
George Briggs D.

William Jones Englishman

Thomas Joombs D.

on the 13th we attempted to haul the
Boat up on the South Side of -
Richards Bay but was prevented
by a Large Body of Natives giving
us a tremendousolley of Stones
and Spears we were obliged to retreat
to the North Side of the Bay and

Haul up for the night
on the Morning of the 15th Launched
and proceeded round the South Coast
of Van Di Land, with a fresh Breeze at
South East at Sun set the same
Evening hauled up in a small sandy
Bay to the westward of the largest of
the Dr. W.H. Isles here we had a
friendly Reception from a large
number of natives - we made them
a few presents of Tomi Sugar and
Biscuit But the ~~surprising~~ sight of
them Puling brown by Handfulls from
their Heads and Beards and eating them
which they seemed to enjoy more than
the sugar and Biscuit, in fact it
seemed like a rejoicing at them being
their new visitors, but they did not
show the least Hostile as they brought
down their Women and children
to see us

2- to see us, which denotes friendship
in those savages, at last they took their
leave of us and pointed to a small rising
hill about a mile distant signifying
that they intended to keep there ~~but~~
we thought it was only a decoy to put
us off our guard but we kept a good
watch during the night in case of an
attack but we saw no more of them*

at Day light of the 15th

We launched and proceeded to the westward
towards the South West Cape about noon
we put into a Bay about eight or nine
miles to the eastward of SW Cape
which was named New Harbour but
on sounding found it very shoal and
only fit for small vessels although
looking well to the eye after
jetting inside we remained in this

Place only two or three Hours and
then prosecute it on to the Westward —
at Sun set Hauled up on a small
low Island about four miles Eastward
of SW Cape Where we remained the
night this is a good Boat Harbour
being only separated by a Boat Passage
from the main land, with a good
stream of fresh Water and plenty of Wood
on the morning of the 16th
launched and turned to the Westward —
at noon Rounded the SW Cape
distant about a quarter of a mile
with a fair Wind at South East
and turned along the shore to the
North West in the Evening Hauled
up on a small grassy Island for
the night about five miles to the
SW of the Cape this Island scarcely
joins the main, separated only by a

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Small Boat Passage and not a
good Boat Harbour

all Daylight of the 17th launched
and steered along Shore to the North West
at Noon entered a large inlet which was
named Port D'Avoy in Honor of the
then Lieutenant Governor of Jan. & Land
in the Evening we hauled up on a low
sandy point three miles up the North
Side of the Harbour where we remained
~~the~~ the night, inside of a thick scrub
we blundered away about two Rods of
rich ground and found a quantity of garden
seeds this was named Garden Point
in consequence, we remained in the
Harbour three days the 18.th 19th & 20th-
sounding and making a sketch of its
bottom the Eastern arm was named
Bathurst Harbour in Honor of
Lord Bathurst Secretary for the

~~Colonies~~" the Inner West Point of ~~that~~
Davy was named Point Lucy" in
Honor of Miss Davy Daughter of the
Lieutenant Governor During our stay
in this place we caught a great quantity
of Wild fowl Black Iwans Ducks tut
and plenty of Eels and fish

on the 21st of December we
took our Departure with a light breeze
at East from Pork Bay" and made
along the coast to the Northward in
the Evening we landed on a low
grassy Island about five miles to the
Southward of Low Rocky point and close
to the main land here we fell in
two Native aborigines, they seemed
very much alarmed at seeing us they
were above Six feet high their
Mamack very large legs and arms
very thin and seems as if they -

Were nearly Starved we gave
them two Black Iwans of which
we had a good shot in the Boat they
seems delighted with the present —
on Landing on the Island we intended
to remain the night but fearing
there were more of them on the Island
it was thought best to leave it which
we did and hauled up for the night
in a small Creek half a mile to
the Southward of Low Rocky Point
this was named Bear-fish Creek
in consequence of the immense Num-
ber of bear-fish that lay at the water's
edge they appeared to have been
gathered the day previous which must
have been done by the natives there
was above three tons in one
heap —

on the morning of the 22d anchored

and started along the land to the northward
at sun set hauled up in a snug cove
near high rocky point on the 23rd & 24th a
heavy swell rolling in from the westward
which prevented us from proceeding along the
coast, 25th December Christmas Day —
Heavy gales from the westward and a heavy
sea breaking into the cove, this day we
had a glorious "Feast" for dinner Two Black
Swans, one Roasted, the other
a Sea Pie a three dollar in the large
iron pot a first rate Christmas dinner
on the west coast of San Domingo Land
after dinner we named the cove Christmas
cove by throwing a glass of Brandy into
the salt water and three hearty cheers for
the season — on the 26th the gale
abated — on the 27th in the morning we
launched with a light breeze from the
southward and proceeded along shore to the
westward

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In the fore Nooon the Wind freshend
and Blew Strong at N.E^t we Run close
along Shore untill the Evening When we haued
up on a small Sandy Beach, inside of some
high Rocks that lies a little distance from
the Shore and about six miles to the Southward
of "Maryuarie" Harbour — at noon this day
Papu Point Gibbs close too and examined
it — on the morning of the 28th Launched
Weather Balloons Pulled along Shore to the
Northward — at Noon Rounded ~~the North~~
a projecting point ~~the~~ which opened to an
Inlet to the South East, we found a
Strong Current running out which made us believe there must be a large
River in the South East direction —

The whole face of the Coast
was on fire and lucky it was for us it
was on fire, for the smoke was so thick
we could not see a hundred yards

a Head of the Boat, on pulling into
the "Harms" at the Small Entrance Island
We Heard a Large Number of Natives
Shouting and making a great Noise
as if they were Hunting Kangaroos;

It was lucky the Smoke was
so thick for had the Natives seen the
Boat passing through the narrow entrance
it is possible they would have killed
Every Person on Board by throwing
stones and spears in their usual way

In the afternoon the Smoke
cleared off a little we found ourselves in
a large Sheet of Water near a small
Island where we landed and found plenty
of Black Swans on their nests, ~~and~~
and plenty of their Eggs we remained on
the Island, the sight which kept us safe
from the Natives — on the 29th the
Morning was clear we could see fairly

L all over the Harbour this Island
Was named Elizabeth Island in honor
of Mr Gordon" Wife of James Gordon" Esq
of Pitt Water in Van Diem Land, the Harbour
Was Lnamed Macquarie Harbour in
Honor of the then Governor of New
South Wales"—we Launched and pulled to
a point on the South Shore nearly opposite
the Island Where we caught about a
dozen fat Black Swans" to Eat we
had four of our Stock Left that we
Brought from Port Davey after Catching
a fresh Supply we gave those four their
Liberty in Macquarie" Harbour and—
named the Point—Liberty Point in
Consequence — at Sun^{set} We hauled up on
an Island about twenty five Miles up the
Harbour Which was named Sarah Island
in Honor of Mr Birik" Wife of Th^r
William Birik Esq of Hobart Town

in the Morning" of the 30th Launched
and proceeded further up the Harbour
untill we came to the mouth of a
fresh Water River Made a Sketch of
it and named it Gordon" River
in Honor of James Gordon Esq;
of Cik Water, he Having Kindly
lent his Boat for this particular
trip of Discovery" Round. Land

This day we proceeded upon
Inlet to the Southard of Gordon" River
which was named Birch Inlet in
Honor of Mr Birch - on the 31st we
Went Round ~~the~~ ^{Maryann} Harbour ~~the~~ made
a Sketch of it and found it to be a
Bar Harbour only fit signs of a light
Draft of Water we also found plenty
of Huon pine growing on the Banks
of the Harbour

on the Morning of 1 January 1815

7 We left Macquarie Harbour
with a fresh Breeze at South East

This day we run a long distance to the
North West Having a strong fair Wind
at 9 P.M attempted to get into a River
which was named "Retreat" River being
nearly lost on the Bar in a heavy Surf
During the night of the 1st January it
blew a strong gale from the Southward
We were obliged to leave the Boat
too by a Raft made of the oars with
about forty five fathoms of Rope
where we lay very snug During
the night, the men taking it in
turns to attend the "Horn-oar" to
keep the Boat end on to the sea
and having a good Tar-paulin that
covered the Boat all over the lay
very dry — at Day light of
the morning of the 2nd of January
hauled the Raft in, set the

Rupit lug" and thare in for the
Wark point of Dan D Land with
a Heavy Sea Runing; as we stard
the Shore we had to pass through
Heavy tide Rips the tide Runing
to the Southward against the Wind
made it more dangerous" —

We got within 500 yards of
the Shore, the Boat was hooped
by a Heavy Sea that filled her to
the thoughts — and had not Took
Bun for the Precaution" taken —
Before we left Hobart "that was
of Having three good Buckets, Hung
with Lanyards and fastened to the thoughts
for the purpose of Bailing the Boat
on such an Emergency" we must all
Have Bun Took" However by the quick
use of the Buckets the Boat was soon
Bailed out — we got under the lee of
the

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pointed and landed on a small sandy Beach
Hauled the Boat up and began to -
Examine our Clothes Blankets Provisions
& arms all of which was wet and nearly useless
fortunately the Ammunition was in a small
Bottle in the Horn of the Book that was
Water tight which preserved it otherwise
we should have been Badly off -

We now thought we were
safe and had just got a large fire
made to dry ourselves when to our great
astonishment we were accosted by six
huge men Black Natives each of them
above six feet high and very stout
made their faces greasy and blacked
they had a spear in each of their right
hands and two in their left they were
quite naked and appeared quite ready
for War or Mischief - our men got
greatly alarmed and called out what
was to be done - it was thought

Best to make gestures to them to come closer to us" they were standing behind a low thick scrub and did not seem inclined to come any nearer, our arms all wet and no means of defending ourselves we were in a very dangerous situation —

it hapend that luck was still at our side we had 9 or 10 Black Swans and a large Warbit in the Bush that we brought from Macquarie Harbour for fresh Provisions on showing them one of the Swans they seemed delighted and came nearer to the Bush after they came out of the scrub "we saw more of their war implements as each of them had a spear between the great toe of each of their feet dragging them along the ground we supposed they

Had never seen a white man

Before, it was thought best to try
- to barter with them for their Spears
that if we got Possession of them they
could not hurt us - we luckily -
succeeded - and gave them four Swan's
and the Wombat for all their Spears
they seemed much pleased with their
Bargain they went away holding
up one Hand as a sign of friendship
we were Equally pleased when they
were gone we saw no more of
them, During the Evening a great
number of Smoaks were made
along the Coast which we thought
to be Signals Between the Savages

We remained on the Beach
that night and got our arms' dressed
and put in firing order keeping
a good Watch, in case the Savages
should pay us another visit -

on Examining our Bread flour Tea
Sugar &c we found it nearly all
Spoiled which caused us to go on
short allowance" -

on the Morning of the

3rd of January at Day light we
launched and proceeded to the Northward
toward Cape Grinnell it was nearly
calm during the day with a heavy
swell from the Westward we had
to pull nearly the whole of the
day in the Evening haul'd up in
a small Nook about 9 miles to
the Southward of Cape Grinnell -

on the Morning of the

4th Launched and stood to the
Northward with a light Breeze at
South East - about Noon -
Rounded Cape Grinnell we passed
between two Cinnical Rocks

that lies near the Cape we
were nearly filled in a tide ship
going through but luckily escaped
we pulled along shore to the Eastward
until we came to the South End of
the largest Hunter Island we landed
on a point opposite on the main -
land on a large flat of Pebble Stone
to boil our kettle and take a rest
there was a great many fires
along the ^{shore} we kept the boat -
afloat and the arms ready in
case of an attack by the natives
Toomis and Jones" were left to take
care of the boat and have the
arms in readiness; we had just
got a fire lighted when we saw
a large body of natives at least
fifty in number standing at
the edge of the bush about
fifty yards from us they were

all armed with Spears" and Waddies
We Immediately Brought the arms" from the Boat and put ourselves" in a state of Defence near the fire they began to advance slowly towards us we held up our Spears" and made signs to them not to come any closer they held up their - Spears" in return with loud laughing and jeering" at us as if they thought we were afraid of them at seeing them so formidable we thought it best to retreat to the Boat; when all of a sudden they laid down their Spears and Waddies in the edge of the Bush, and holding up both their hands as if they did not mean any Mischief, at the same time making signs to us to lay down our arms" which we did

To satisfy them for if we had
111. Retreated to the Boat quickly they
must have killed every one ~~in~~
~~the~~, Before we could have got the
Reach of their Spears - they then began
to come to us one by one holding up
Both their Hands to Show they had no
Weapons But we kept a good lookout
that they ^{had} no Spears between their toes
as they had on a former occasion
but they had none - there was
thirty two came to the fire we
made signs to them that no more should
come, upon that being understood two
more came from the Bush together
one of them turned to be a Chief a
stout good looking man about six
feet high 30 years of age, the other
an old man about six feet seven
inches high with scarcely a bit of
flesh on his bones, When the Chief

Came he ordered them all to sit down
on the ground which they did and
formed a sort of "circle" round the
fire, the Chief ordered the old man
to Dance and Sing, as if to amuse
us which he did shaking ugly faces
and putting himself into most singular
attitudes, while the old man was
engaged in his Dancing and Singing we
~~*~~ found it was only to take our attention
off what the Chief and his men were
doing, he ordered them to gather pebble
stones about the size of Hens Eggs and
put them between their legs where
they sat for the purpose as we supposed
to make an attack on us with the
stones at this our men began to get
alarmed and fearing some mischief
would be done, he planned it to
give them a few "Iwanis" and got
off

as well as we could - Briggs -
Brought two Swans from the boat
one under each arm, When the Chief
saw them he Rushed at Briggs to take
the Swans from him but did not
succeed he then ordered his men to give
us a volley of stones which they did by
him giving them the time in most
beautiful order by him calling -
With the swing of the arm three times
yah yah yah, and a severe volley
at war, I had a pair of large Breeching
Pistols in my boat pocket loaded
with two Balls each and seeing there
was no alternative I fired one
amongst them which dispersed them
the other I fired after them as they
ran away, two of them grazed
Briggs along the ground a little
distance to get the Swans from
him but did not succeed -

the Chief and his men Run
into the Bush and was quickly out
of sight - on looking Round after
they had all ran away we found
the 6 feet 7 Inch Dancing Gentleman
laying on his Back on the Ground
We thought of course he was dead
but on turning him over to examine
his Wounds["] found he had not a
Blowish on him, his Pulse["] was
going at 130["] it must have been the
Report of the Pistols["] that frightened
him, We then set him on his feet
to see if he could Walk he then
opened his eyes and trembled very
much We led him a few steps
toward the Bush he stood up
straight looked around him and
took one jump towards the Bush
the next leap["] he was out of
sight

as soon as he was out of sight
the hills around Echo'd with
Shouts of Joy" from the voices of
men Women & Children that the
"Daring" Gentleman had Escaped -
We measured the first jump the
old man took, it was exactly
Eleven yards but the second one
must have been more this was
more like the jump of a
"Kangaroo" than a man -

We found several marks
of Blood on the stones in the direction
that the Natives Run away when
the shot was fired, some of them
must have been Wounded, we got
into our Boat, just as we were
pulling away we received a
"volley" of Stones and Spears from
the Natives one Spear Went
through the side of the Boat

But Luckily "no one was there
We landed on a small Rock
Covered with Birds they were
Laying we got six Buckets full
of fresh Eggs "a good supply"

This turned to offend
the natives as a Number of Women
came down on a point of Rocks
and abused us very much for taking
their Eggs. We pulled to a small
Island 3 miles to the North East
one of the Hunter Islands where
we hauled up for the night

on the 5th at Daylight we
launched with a light Breeze at 8.30
and went into Robins' Passage —
Examined it, in the Evening Hauled
up for the Night in the East End
of the Passage —

on the 6th in the Morning
We launched with a light Breeze

at South West and pulled — 1st
1/4 along Shore towards Circular
Head at Sun Set Hauled up for the Night
on the Beach" at the South East side
of the Head — on the 7th all Day
Light Launched with a Strong Breeze"
from the Westward and Run along
Shore all the Day to the Eastward —
at Sun Set Hauled up on a Pebbley
Beach about, Forty Miles from Circular
Head — The 8th Strong Breeze from the
Westward at Day Light Launched and
Run along Shore to the Eastward, this
Day "Run a long Distance" at Sun Set
arrived at what was called the first
Western River we hauled up for the
Night this River has since been called
Port Stroll" —

9th at Daylight Launched Wind
North West and Steered toward ~~to land~~
Port Dalrymple" at Noon —

arrive at George Town, on
Landing at the Wharf, we were
halted by a Mandir & a Soldier -
Who, are you What Boat is that
Before we had time to answer
Eight men Rushed from Behind an
old Building With Muskets and fixed
Bayonets in their hands saying
if you move we will kill every
man of you, one of them seemed
to be an officer he had a double barrel
in his hand, himself and the rest
were all dressed in Kangaroo Skin
and a Ruffian like Not they
were, the officer said have you
any arms in the Boat the answer
was yes plenty, he then laid Sergeant
Handcuff them all and hand the
arms out of the Boat - we were
Handcuffed two & two as we came
out of the Boat But the - o'

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Captain of the Boat had the
15th Honor of being Handcuffed by himself
when we were out of the Boat ~~to~~
Standing on the Wharf the officer
said now my Ladd's What have you to
say for yourselves I have been a long
time looking for you and have got
you at last - you are the Commissaries
of Michael Howe the Bushranger and
if you do not give me all the Informa-
tion - Where we can find Howe
and his party I will send you
all to Hobart Town in double Irons
I told him we knew nothing of Howe
and that we were on a voyage of
Discovery round the West Coast of Van
Dieman's Land he laughed at this and
said that story won't do for me I
then Recognised him to be Major
Huart^r 46th Regiment Comendant
at Launceston - I put my hand -

into my Waistcoat Pocket to find the
key" of the Ammunition" Box" Where
our Port Clearance" Was kept, he in
a flurry said Sergeant now he
is putting his hand in his pocket I
suppose the Gallant Major thought
I was going to take out a pistol to
shoot him the Sergeant seized
my hand and said what are you going
to do - I said there is the key of the
Box" that will give you all the
Information" you require

the Sergeant unlocked the
Box and took out the ammunition"
the Journal and Port Clearance"
which he handed to the Major it
was a printed form in the usual
way filled up and to the following
Effect -

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Commandant, office
Military Barracks Hobart Town

These are to certify to all
Whom it may concern: That the
Boat "Elizabeth" Commanded by
W^m James Kelly was cleared out
for the -West Coast of Van Diemen's
Land on a voyage of Discovery after
Having paid the accustomed dues

Given under my hand
this 11th day of December 1815
in the absence of the Lieutenant

Governor.
W^m Dairn
Captain 46th Regiment
Commandant

The names of the following
Persons who comprised the
crew of the Boat was written

in the Margin of the Clearance
John Griffiths
George Briggs
William Jones -
Thomas Jones

When the Major received the Clearance
from the Sergeant he turned round
and walked a few paces turning to
Examine Aerry Minutely in a few
Minutes he returned - and said -

How long have you been from
 Hobart Town - the Answer was -
 from the Date of that Clearance".
 Have you seen any Military parties
 in Search of Bushrangers? not any
 Have you seen any Boats or vessels
 on the Coast) Not any
 When you left Hobart Town Were
 you aware that Bushrangers?"

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Was out) Yes" (Where was
the Lieutenant Governor; it was said
he was gone to the Lakes"asked several
other questions he then said Sergeant
take the Handcuffs off those ~~men~~
Men the order was obeyd (he said
Which of you is the person in Charge
of this Boat M^r Kelly, answered I am
are you the Person who was Master of
the Brig Sophia" Some time ago
at Hobart Town I am (Have you
Ever Seen me Before) M^r Kelly
I ayes Repeatedly (While
at Hobart Town I have Dined
with you often at M^r Birches in
the Castle &) still holding the
Clearance in his hand reading it
and could scarcely believe it he said
is it usual at Hobart Town to give
Clearances such as this to open
Boats going Round the Coast

Mr Kelly answered it was " and
was always the case since martial
law commenced" in this Island —
he then called the men names —
over one by one from the Clergy
and asked them a great many
questions still looking very
suspiciously at them

the Major said now " Mr
Kelly" are you quite sure you
know who I am the answer
was 10 yes I cannot mistake —
you you are Major Stuart
of the 46th Regiment Commandant
at Launceston — the Major then
said Mr Kelly I am quite satisfied
who you are give me your
hand and I am very sorry for
what has happened that ever putting
yourself and your men in Irons"

But had it not been for
the Post Clearance" I certainly
could not have Believed. But you
Were an associate of Michael Howe
the Bushranger, Howver you must
Come up to the Government Cottage
and accept of a Knape & fork & a bed
at my quarters While you Remain
at George Town -) Sergeant you
will haul W' Kelly's Book up Close
to the Barracks - let the oars be
with the arms be secured in the
Guard house and let his men live
With the soldiers, give them -
plenty to Eat and grog" but Don't
let them get Drunk,

There was a Change in the
State of affairs" W' Kelly a "Coroner"
in Handcuffs" and in a few Hours
Released and seated at the Major's
table Dining and partaking of

a Bottle of his Best Wine" after
Dinner the Major" Related to Mr
Kelly that he had only returned to
to George Town, the Day previous
that he had been out with a strong
party of Military for the last
Six Weeks Round the North East
Coast in Search of Howe and his
party but heard nothing of them

that he had received —
Information, that Howe intended
to lay Wait at the Entrance of the
Tamer to capture a Boat or a
Barge that he might make his
escape over to the Coast of New
Holland — Wh Kelly spent the night
in the Major's quarters and having a
good Night, sleep on a good Bed —
Having been sleeping in the open
air by a fire side for twenty

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five & eighth Previous he
awoke in the Morning and
found himself very Much Refreshed
his men was also well hounest and
good Bidng in the Soldiers Barracks

10th January We Remained

this Day at George Town under the
Majors Hospitable Roof During the
Day he ordered the Sargeant to open
the Public Store and Issue to us
as Much Provisions, Such as flour
Tea, Sugar, Beef, Pork, Mutton &c as
we thought proper to ask for he
also, Remarkted that the Men's Beding
and Cloathing were not Sufficient
for such a Voyage as we were on
he ordered the Sargeant who was
the Store Keeper to Issue to each man
one Pair of Blankets and one Suit
of Mops, this Being all Public
Property He Offered to give a Draft

on Hobart Town for the whole amount, of the supplies we had received but the generous Major said No you shall not pay any thing for what you have received I will account to the Government for all you are on a voyage of Discovery What you are doing is for the public good and for the good of the Colony — in the Evening every thing was ready ~~ready~~
to start the next morning and took another night of the Major's hospitality — the Major proposed a Despatched adripe to the Lieutenant Governor at Hobart Town informing him of what he had done with Mr Kelly and that Mr Kelly had offered his services in the event of him falling in with Howe and his party to return to George Town by

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or proceed on to Hobart Town
which ever might be most convenient
to inform the Government of Howe's
Position - it was also requested
that on the Event of him coming
in Contact with the Bushrangers to
destroy the Despatch "for fear of them
falling into Howe's hands -

It was not often that
Communication could be had by the
Government between Hobart Town
and George Town, on consequence of
Howe's Formidable Position in the
Bush" and Repeatedly sending threatening
Letters to the Lieutenant Governor
telling him that he should open all
his Despatches - and the armed
Bushrangers who conveyed them if they
knew Soldiers he would hang them
up by the heels to a tree let them
Inlets out and leave them hanging

Just as he woudt do a Kangarto"
and that he woudt serve the Garrison
or any of his officers in the same way
but more particularly Mr Humphrey
the Police Magistrate" Who he termed
his Bitter Ennemy —

11th January 1816. all this day
it Blew a strong Gale from the
Northward which prevented us from
Launching but got our Boat and
gur in good order to start the first
fair Wind — 12th January after
Partaking of a good early Breakfast
With the Major we Launched with
a fine Breeze from the Westward
an was soon clear of Port Dalrymple
Having taken leave of Major
Stuart and all his party thanking
him and them for their kindness
We sturd along the Coast to the Eastward
an in the Evening hauled up on
Waterhouse Island where we

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Remained the night, before
we landed a smoke was seen opposite
the Island or the Main land which we
thought might have been Hove an
his party but on looking with the
the glass we saw it was a large
Mob of Natives Walking along the Beach

13th January at Daylight

Launched with a fine Breeze from
the Northwest and clear Weather and
Run along the Shore to the Eastward
at noon landed on Ringarooma
Point here we suddenly fell in
with a large Mob of Natives who
at the first appearance seemed hostile
but on seeing Briggs they all knew
him well particularly the Chief
whose Name was Damanbunganah
he seemed delighted at seeing Briggs
and told him that he was at War
with his own Brother, Tolobunganah

Who was then on the Coast near
Eddystone point, a most powerful
Chief who Briggs also knew very
well, Briggs at this time had on the
Islands two Wives and five Children that
he had left during his absence to
Hobart Town and had taken this trip
in the Boat round the West Coast thinking
he might fall in with some of his -
Black Relations, near Cape Scotland
one of his Wives was a Daughter of
the Chief Lamanbungannah we just
fell in with, Briggs generally called his
father in law Laman for shortness
the Chief made Enquiry after his Daughter
and was told that she and her Children
were safe over on Cape Barren Laman
said he knew that for he saw her smoke
almost every Day - after some
further Discourse Laman asked
Briggs if

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if he had any five arms¹⁷
in the Boat he told him we were
Well armed Laman said he was glad
of that - as he had heard that five or
six white men well armed was with
his Brother - Tolobunganah at Edenton
Bank and that they intended to come
and attack him and kill them all
he intreated Briggs to join him and
go and attack them and fight it out
Briggs of course decline telling
him that he had no control over the
Boat and that Whilly could not agree
to any such proposal at this, Laman
turned very much disengaged and told
Briggs in a very hostile tone that he
had often before gone with him to
fight other "tribes" when he wanted
Women - Laman then gave a loud
Cooe and in two minutes we were
surrounded by above fifty natives

Laman" said to Briggs now we
will force you to go with us and
fight Tols" he meant the Ghurp
his Brother the White men spoken
of course thought must be Home
and his party, so Briggs asked if they
had a Boat Laman" said No-

We now got much alarmed
at the dangerous situation" we were
in, and as an excuse to get away—
Briggs told Laman" that we would go
over to Cape Barron" and pitch
his wife Laman" daughter also that
we woudt get five or six of the Indians
to join us with plenty of fire arms.
We would come over and fight them
Laman" seemed much pleased and
asked when we woud go, Briggs
said we woud start directly—
Sleep to night one Swan Island
and tomorrow Morning go over
To - ^{the}

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23 to Cape Barron and Return
in three Days Laman and all
his Mob was much pleased at this
arrangement, the Boat was Launched
We pulled to Swan Island and Hauled
up for the Night, Much pleased -
with the Escape we made from -
Lamanbunganah and his Mob -
had we Refused or Rejected his proposal
to fight he would have taken the
Boat and killed Every man of us
as it was Impossible we could have
stood against such a Number of Native

Briggs had been Employed
as a Sealer on the Island in Bass'
Straits for many Years Previously
~~to~~ and had acquired the Native
Language of the North East Coast
of Van Diemans Land fluently in
Consequence of often having gone
over from the Islands To Cape

Portland to Barter with the Natives
for Kangaroo Skins also to purchase
the Young Grown up Native females
to keep them as their Wives and
for Hunting Kangaroos and Catching
Seals, Both for their Skins they
Were Wonderfully Dextrous"

The custom of the Sealers
in the Straits was that Every man
Should have from two to five of
those Native Women for their own
^{use} and to select any of them they
thought proper to cohabit with as
their Wives - In fact a large number
of Children had been produced between
those people the White man and -
the Black Woman and a fine active
Race of People they were Both for
Hunting Kangaroos and Catching Seals
the men good Boatmen the Women

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assistant, to them they were of
a light copper colour and generally
very good looking — 14th January Launched
from Swan Island with a moderate Breeze
at North West and steered along shore to the
South East, soon after leaving ~~the~~
Island we saw Smokes on the Shore and
some Natives walking on the Beach which
we supposed to be our friend Lamanan
and his tribe they called and made
signals to us to come on shore but we
took no notice of them having had so
narrow an escape the day before just
before sun set we hauled up on King
George Island or Rocks on a small sandy
Beach still wishing to give a chance to
Mr Tolobungamanah to serve us as Mr
Lamanbungamanah had done the day —
before for while we were on the Island
we were safe from their attacks —
Here we found a large number of

Seals laying on the Rocks Barking
in the Sun, but having no Salt
with us to cure the Skins we thought
it useless to kill them, on the following
Day the — 15th January the Wind Set
in at South East and fine Weather

We thought it judicious to lay
Idle, with a foul Wind and being —
Provided with Kneves Thets & Clubs and
Being all old Hand at sealing onto
the Bargain, we commenced killing
and skinning the Skin from the Body
and stretching it out on the Grap with
Wooden pegs it was dried in the Sun
and in one day became perfectly cured
the day by the above process we killed
skinned and piged out thirty skins
the following Day — 16th January we
killed skinned and piged out twenty five
Seal skins — Wind southerly & fine
Weather Several Smokes on the

Shore opposite the Island and
a large Number of Natives on the
Beach this day caught ten young
Cape Barren Geese which afforded us
fresh grub and with a little of the
Majors fine pork we lived sumptuously

17th January this Day -
Wind South East and fine Weather
found the Seals getting shy of coming
up on the Rocks we gave them a Reck
as it would not do to storm them
only at low Water - at noon -
launched the Boat and went over
to see the natives and took with us
four seals carcasses that had been
killed and four young Geese alive
about three weeks old, we did not
go closer to the Beach than Murch
Islet for fear of being surprised
by a shot from Howe and his
Party" Brigg stood up in the

Boat and called out to them natives
in their language to come to the
Water Side, they runned away until
he told them who he was When an old
Man Rushed up to his Middle in the
Water Briggs called to him to swim
to the ^{boat} which he did we hauled him on
turned out to be the old Chief

"Tolobunganah" he was over joyed at
Seeing Briggs and asked if he had
seen her Brother Lamani" he said
No" Tolo" asked where we came
from Briggs said from Cape Barren
by Way of Swan Island Tolo" said I know
that I saw you come from there
We then pulled a Little distance along the
Beach" to a small Rock that lay off
about fifty yards from the ~~shore~~
Tolo"

25 Continued from first Book

17th January 1816 from first Book

Continued, Tolobunyanah^t stood up in the Boat and called to the "Natives" about twenty of them came down to the Water side they all knew Briggs and turned Glad to see him, we made Tolo^t "a present of the four dead Seals and the four live pups" at which he seemed much pleased - Immediately after they got the Seals Six Women came down to the Water side each with a dead Kangaroo^t on their Shoulders Tolo^t ordered them to be brought to the Boat - and said that we must have in Exchange for the Seals^t we had given ~~to~~ them, that they had no more Kangaroos^t but tomorrow they would catch plenty, Tolo^t seemed anxious that we should come on Shore
We declined

No 26

17th January 1816 Contineued.

by telling the natives that we
We did not wish to come in Contact
with the six white men they had
~~the~~ Sun' Tolo" asked if we were
frightend of them Briggs said no -
but they were bad men and we wanted
to know whereabout they was -

all those excuses" we was
obliged to make to get all the friendly
information we could from the
natives relative to Hove and his
party as we were still of opinion
that they was near at hand but the
natives assured us that they was gone
a long distance to the southward toward
Saint Patrick's head we took leave
of Tolo" and his Mot. in the Evening
and told them that we should come
over next day and bring them
more seals at which they sum-

Delighted and said that if we brought them plenty of Seals, they would give us plenty of Kangaroos" and thair them on return - the Wind being fair we run over to the Island Hauled the Boat up' and had a good Kangaroo Steamer for supper the first we had this Voyage

18th January 1816 at day light it being low water there was a good number of Seals up on the Rocks" we stoned them, and killed twenty which we skinned and pugid" out to dry the weather was very fine Wind from the South East, this day found the fresh Water on the Island getting short and very Brockish, Launched the Boat and put our three Water Kegs into her to get the Water; to fill them with fresh Water we also put into the Boat twenty of the Seals" carcasses to

Banter

No 27

With the Natives for Kangaroo

Skins, we also took six young
Seal pups alive, as presents, Early
in the morning Signal Smoker
was made on the Beach for us to
come over according to Promise.

on arriving at the Beach
We did not see a Native which made
us think there was something the
matter we waited about half an hour
when we saw Totobunganah —
make his appearance on the Beach
We called to him to come to the Rock
where he had been the day previous
he came we asked him why he did
not come to the Boat when we first
arrived he said that all the Natives
was in the Bush Hunting Kangaroo
and getting Skins but they would be
here shortly, we had still a suspicion
that Moer was with the Natives

but Tolo" assured us he was not we
told him we wanted our three Kips
filled with fresh Water and that we
would buy all the Kangaroo Skins he
had; in about twenty Minutes the
whole tribe came down on the Beach
there was about Two Hundred men
Women" and Children and at least -
fifty Dogs; on seeing them approach
we pulled the Boat out from the
shore a little Distance leaving Tolo" on
the Rock and got our Arms" and
examined them to see that they were
in firing order we held up 3 or 4
Seals Carcasses" and told them we wanted
to Barter for Kangaroo Skins Tolo" ordered
Ten Women" to go into the Water Each loaded
With Kangaroo" and Skins we then gave
the Women the Seals Carcasses" we brought
over they carried them to the mob

and returned immediately to the Boat
With another Load of Skins as Payment
for the Seals" we then requested Tolo to
fill our Kegs with fresh Water which he
Did but we would not let them take
away more than one Keg at a time for
fear they should ^{not} Bring them all Back
at which Tolo "Turned Purple and

The Natives asked if we -
Would Bring over more Seals Tomorrow
Briggs told them they were getting Scarce
and shy of Being Caught Tolo "told Briggs
We had Better take some Women over to
the Island to assist in Catching Seals" at
which they were very Distrustful" this
Being agreed on Tolo "ordered Six stout
Women to go into the Boat which they
Did and seemed Delighted the Wind being
fair We Run over to the Island Hauled the
Boat up, and Pigged the Kangaroo" Skin

out to Dry, the Women are Using the
Seals on some of the outer Rocks were
Very anxious "to Commence" Catching
them, Briggs having been a long time
on the Islands in Baf' Straits with the
Native Women as a Sealer was well
acquainted with the Mode of them
Catching Seals" and a most singular
Mode it is, It is here Described

We gave the Women each a Club that
We had used to Kill Seals" with they went
to the Water Edge and Wet themselves"
all over their head and Body as they Said
to Prevent the Seals from Trailing them
as they Walked along the Rocks ~~they~~
they were very cautious not to go to
windward of them as they Said a Seal
Would sooner Detect his Nose than
his Eyes When a Man or Woman came
near him, the Six Women Walked
into

The Water two & two and Swam to
three Rocks about 50 yard from the
Shore Each Rock had about 9 or 10 Seals
on it they were all Laying apparently
asleep Two Women went to Each
Rock with their Clubs in hand Each
of them Crept Slowly Close up to their
Seal and say Down with their Club
alongside them some of the Seals
raise their heads up to look at their
new visitors and smell them scratch
themselves and Lay Down again this
Was done by their fin or flipper

the women went nearly

through the same Motion as the Seal
Did by holding up the left Elbow
a little and scratching themselves
with their left hand keeping the
Club firm in the Right Hand ready
in the attack the Seals swam -

very cautious; now & then lifting
up their heads looking around watching
themselves with their flippers and laying
their heads down again) the Women
went through the same motions
as near as possible - after they had -
been laying on the rocks for nearly an
hour the sea violently washing over
them and they quite naked we -
could not tell their meaning for
remaining so long all of a sudden
the Women arose up on their seats
their Clubs up at arms length -
each struck a seal on the nose which
killed him, and in an instant they
all jumped up as if by magic and
killed one more each, after giving the
the seals several blows on the head
and scaring them, they commenced
loud laughing and dancing as if

They had gained a great victory over the
Seals, Each of them Dragged a Seal into
the Water and Swam with it to the Rock
Where we were Standing and then Swam
Back to the Rock and Brought one more
Each which made twelve Seals the
Weight of Which being worth one pound
each in Hobart Town was not a bad
beginning by the Black Lades, the Six
Women then went to the top of a small
Hill and made Smoaks as Signals
to the Seawives on the main that they
had been killing Seals which was soon
answered by Smoaks on the Beach We
skinned the Seals and piled them out to
dry the Women then commenced —
Cooking their supper Each cut a
Shoulder off a young Seal weighing
three or four pounds and threw them
on the fire When they were about

Half Done they Commanded Scouring
them and Rubbing the oil on their
Hans saying they had a Glorious Meal

19th January 1816

at Daylight being Low Water the Women
Began Killing Seals they would not let
us Come near untill they had killed all
that could be got on the Beach they killed
Twenty six before Breakfast, the Weather
being fine Wind South East, the remainder
of the Day was Spent Catching and Skining
Seals Principally by the Women

20th January 1816

at Ten Rises Smoaks were made
on the Main, the Women said -
they were Signals for us to Come -
over we were Employed untill Noon
Killing & Skining Seals Mostly by the
Women swimming to the outer Rocks

After the seals getting very dry we
only succeeded in getting Sixteen Skins
in the Evening Launched the Boat and
Went over to the Main took two of the
Women and loaded the Boat ^{With} Carcasses
of the Seals we had Skinned, on arrival
at the Beach "Tolobunganah" was
there the two Women told him what
we had done he was delighted to
see the Boat loaded with Seals he
told us he had plenty of Kangaroos and
skins for us in payment for the Seals
We threw the Seals into the Water the
two Women dragged them to the Beach
Tolo ordered the Mob, to take them
all into the Bush on a few hours
they returned with ten Dead Kangaroos
and about Ninety Skins Tolo enquired
how long we should want the Women
we told him about two or three day
as the Seals were set, I have

We should not stay longer he ordered
the two Women to go over with us and
stop as long as we required them the
Wind being from the Westward we run
over to the Island and hauled the Boat up
the four Women we left on the Island
informed us that during our absence
they had caught six Seals

21st January 1816

During this Day fresh Breezes at
South West and fine Weather -

Employed Drying and packing Skins
in Bundles Ready for a Start, Killed and
Skinned Eleven Seals the Women Employed
Boatting a Large Number of Seals -
Blippers and Shoulders Ready to take over
With them they informed us that if
we gave them some Seals for the trouble
they had been at in catching them
the Chief Tolo would ~~not~~ not let them

Keep them out of the Shoulders and
flippers were Roast'd they might
keep them and do as they please with
them so the ladies were determined to
have a good Stock of fresh Meat to
take home with them

22 January 1815

During this Day the Wind blew -
strong from the Eastward and thick
Weather killed & Skinned Eleven seals
the ^{Women} employed Roasting Seals Shoulders
and flippers

23 January 1815

first part of this Day fresh Boizes
from the Southward & fine Weather
the Women killed five seals on the
outer Rocks at Noon loaded the
Boat with seals Carcasses the Women
and their Roasted meat and took
them over to the Main

on our arrival at the Beach
Tolo" and all his Mob came down
they had a few Dead Kangaroos -
and about fifty Skins they were
very Much pleased to see the Boat
loaded with Dead Seals, we threw
them out of the Boat Tolo" ordered
them to be put in a heap on the
Beach, he also ordered the six Women
to take their Roasted flippers and
shoulders onto the Beach, Briggs -
then told Tolo" that we should -
start Tomorrow from the Island
and that we should now take our
leave of them at which the Women
all began to cry" in fact the whole
Mob turned full of sorrow that we
were about to leave them Tolo" then
told Briggs not to go away until they
had a Dance, the whole Mob

about three hundred in Number
formed a line in three Divisions
the Men in one the Women in one
and the Children in one - Golobungamah
then gave the Signal to Commence
the Dance and a most Singular -
Dance it was, the Women began in
the Center with a long joining their
hands forming a Circle and Dancing
round the Heap of Dead Hals then
throwing themselves down on the Sand
and putting themselves into most
singular attitudes Beating the down
part of their Bodies with their hands
and kicking the Sand over each other
With their feet the Men and Children
Laughing very much turning to enjoy
the Sport the Women then all sat
down - the Children had a similar
Dance to the Women and sat down

the men then commenced a sort of sham
fight with Spears and paddles then -
Dancing round the heap of Dead Seals
and sticking their Spears into them as
if they were killing them all this
lasted about an hour. Solo then told us
the dance was over he asked Briggs
where we were going when we left
the Island. Briggs told him we were
going to Cape Barren and if he saw the
White Men Meaning Howe and his party
to tell them so this was to beware
them in case they should try to waylay
us on our way to Hobart Town the
Wind being fair we run over to the
Sand bank the Boat up and began to
pack our things ready for a Hatch which
Morning of the Wind and Weather
would come.

24th January 1816

at Sun Rise the Wind North West
and fine Weather Launched the Boat
got all the Skins Provisions &c into her
after Breakfast started with a fine
Breeze at North and turned along Shore
to the Southard the Natives made
three Broaks to say good Bye

We found after leaving King George
Island and Rocks we had been there
Nine Days and had procured one
hundred & seventy two Seal skins &
two hundred & forty six Kangaroo
skins from the natives, the Whole
value of which is £180 at Hobart
Town we Run to the southard
until Sun Sh when we hauled
up for the night on a small sandy
Beach at the South side of the
Bay of fires -

25th January 1816

Throughout this day strong -
Breezes from the Westward at sun
rise launched and stood along shore
to the Southward under the Rufus
Lug in the Evening Squally with
rain heeled up on a small Beach
under Point Patrick's Head for the
night

26th January 1816

all this Day strong breezes from
W.S.W. at sun rise launched and
pulled along shore to the Southward
a heavy swell setting from the
Southward in the afternoon heeled
up in Waub's Bush Harbour a
heavy surf on the Beach half
filled the Bush landing which
wet all the skins

27th January 1816

all this day fresh gales at
South West Employed skinning the
skins and cleaning the arms in
the Evening a small party of
Natives came along the Beach close
to us but on seeing our Number
they Returned and went into the
Bush

28th January 1816

all this Day light Boats at South
West and fine weather at Daylight Launched
and Hove along Shore to the Southeast at
Sun Rises Wind Half Bay Wind light pulling
along Shore to the Southeast at Sun Set
Hauled up on the North Side of Schouten
Island in the Boat Harbour for the night saw
a large Number of Natives on the Land
which caused us to keep Watch During the
night for fear of an attack by them

29th January 1810

at Daylight a fine Breeze from the Northward, Launched and Wood Round the West End of the Island at 6 A M — Landed on the White Rock in oyster bay and killed six seals put their skins into the Boat and Made sail to the Southward saw several natives on Maria's Island running along the Beach calling to us to come on shore which we did in the Evening Hauled up in the Inlet near East Bay Neck and ^{begin} to carry our things over the neck ready to haul the Boat over next Morning —

30th January 1810

at Daylight Hauled the Boat over East Bay Neck got all the things into her and Made sail for Hobart Town with a fine Breeze from the Northward

at 4pm passed Iron Pot Island and
entered the Derwent at 6 PM arrived at
Hobart Town Discharged the Boat & Hauled
her up - this Day finishes our Voyage
of Discovery Round Van Dieman's Land
Having Been Forty nine Days absent
Without meeting with any accident or
Danger further than what is contained
in this Journal which is a true
Narrative of what transpired.

James Kelly